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:

[Kadilar and Cingi ;2004]

(MSE)

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Employment Bootstrapping Approach to Finding New Ratio Estimators in Simple Random Sampling

Abstract :

This research boils down to find new ratio estimators instead of estimators of (Kadilar and Cingi ;2004) by replacing the regression parameter of the final estimators, which is estimated by ordinary least squares, with new parameter estimated by bootstrapping regression under specified conditions which have more accuracy than the first estimators. The mean square error (MSE) was used to check the accuracy of new estimators, Then we fiend Relative Efficiencies for all proposed estimators. This work was supported with numerical examples and simulations .

Keywords: Simple Random Sampling; Ratio Estimator; Bootstrap Regression; Mean Square Errors .

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: (X) (Y)

$$R = \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N Y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N X_i} \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

: (N)

: (n)

$$\hat{R} = \frac{\bar{y}}{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

$\bar{x} \quad \bar{y} \quad \bar{X} \quad \bar{Y}$:

(n)

: (\bar{Y})

$$\hat{Y}_R = \hat{R}\bar{X} = \frac{\bar{y}}{\bar{x}} \bar{X} \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

: (3) (MSE)

$$MSE(\hat{Y}_R) \cong E[\hat{Y}_R - \bar{Y}]^2 = \frac{(1-f)}{n} [\sigma^2_{(y)} - 2R\sigma_{(xy)} + R^2\sigma^2_{(x)}] \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

: $f = \frac{n}{N}$:

: $(\sigma^2_{(x)}, \sigma^2_{(y)})$

: $(\sigma_{(x,y)})$

:

$$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_1} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}} \bar{X} \quad \dots\dots(5)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_2} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x} + C_{(x)}} \bar{X} + C_{(x)} \quad \dots\dots(6)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_3} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x} + B_{2(x)}} \bar{X} + B_{2(x)} \quad \dots\dots(7)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_4} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}B_{2(x)} + C_{(x)}} \bar{X}B_{2(x)} + C_{(x)} \quad \dots\dots(8)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_5} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}C_{(x)} + B_{2(x)}} \bar{X}C_{(x)} + B_{2(x)} \quad \dots\dots(9)$$

:

: $C_{(x)}$

: $B_{2(x)}$

: $\hat{\beta}_{ols}$

:

$$\hat{\beta}_{ols} = \frac{S_{(xy)}}{S_{(x)}^2}$$

:

$$MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_s}] \cong \frac{1-f}{n} [R_{(KC)_s}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\hat{\beta}_{ols}R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(xy)} - 2\hat{\beta}_{ols} \sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(y)}^2] \quad , \quad s = 1,2,\dots,5 \quad \dots\dots(10)$$

:

$$\beta_{ols} = \frac{\sigma_{(xy)}}{\sigma_{(x)}^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{(KC)1} &= R = \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X}} \\
 R_{(KC)2} &= \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X} + C_{(x)}} \\
 R_{(KC)3} &= \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X} + B_{2(x)}} \\
 R_{(KC)4} &= \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X}B_{2(x)} + C_{(x)}} \\
 R_{(KC)5} &= \frac{\bar{Y}}{\bar{X}C_{(x)} + B_{2(x)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5-9)

[Kadilar and Cingi ;2004]

. (3)

Suggested Ratio Estimators : _____ -4

(Outliers)

:

:

$$\underline{y} = \underline{x}\beta_{ols} + \underline{\varepsilon}$$

:

(n * 1)

()

: y

$$\hat{Y}_i = f(x_i, \hat{\beta}_{ols}) = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i$$

:

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{S_{(xy)}}{S_{(x)}^2}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$$

: _____

:

$$\varepsilon_i = Y_i - \hat{Y}_i$$

: _____

(n)

(nⁿ)

: _____

(r)

: _____

$$(y_{i(j)}^{(b)}, j = 1, 2, \dots, r)$$

:

(r)

$$y_{i(j)}^{(b)} = f(x_i, \hat{\beta}_{ols}) + \varepsilon_{i(j)}^{(b)} \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, r$$

:

$$y_{i(1)}^{(b)} = f(x_i, \hat{\beta}_{ols}) + \varepsilon_{i(1)}^{(b)}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$y_{i(2)}^{(b)} = f(x_i, \hat{\beta}_{ols}) + \varepsilon_{i(2)}^{(b)}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

⋮

$$y_{i(r)}^{(b)} = f(x_i, \hat{\beta}_{ols}) + \varepsilon_{i(r)}^{(b)}, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

: (b)

...

: _____

: [$y_{(j)}^{(b)} | x$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, r$]

$$\hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)} = \hat{\beta}_{(j)}^{(b)} = (x'x)^{-1} x'y_{(j)}^{(b)}$$

($\hat{\beta}_o$)

(r)

... ($\hat{\beta}_1$)

(r)

:

$$\hat{\beta}_o^{(b)} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^r \hat{\beta}_{o(j)}^{(b)}}{r}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1^{(b)} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^r \hat{\beta}_{1(j)}^{(b)}}{r}$$

⋮

$$\hat{\beta}_p^{(b)} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^r \hat{\beta}_{p(j)}^{(b)}}{r}$$

($\hat{\beta}_{ols}$)

(5-9)

:

($\hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}$)

$$\hat{Y}_{pr1} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}} \bar{X} \quad \dots\dots(10)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{pr2} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x} + C_{(x)}} [\bar{X} + C_{(x)}] \quad \dots\dots(11)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{pr3} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x} + B_{2(x)}} [\bar{X} + B_{2(x)}] \quad \dots\dots(12)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{pr4} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}B_{2(x)} + C_{(x)}} [\bar{X}B_{2(x)} + C_{(x)}] \quad \dots\dots(13)$$

$$\hat{Y}_{pr5} = \frac{\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)}(\bar{X} - \bar{x})}{\bar{x}C_{(x)} + B_{2(x)}} [\bar{X}C_{(x)} + B_{2(x)}] \quad \dots\dots(14)$$

(MSE)

:

$$MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(pr)_s}] \cong \frac{1-f}{n} [R_{(KC)_s}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \beta_{ols}^{2(b)} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(xy)} - 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} \sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(y)}^2] \quad , \quad s = 1,2,\dots,5 \quad \dots\dots(15)$$

:

$$MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(pr)_s}] \cong \frac{1-f}{n} [R_{(KC)_s}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \hat{\beta}_{ols}^{2(b)} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(xy)} - 2\hat{\beta}_{ols}^{(b)} \sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(y)}^2] \quad , \quad s = 1,2,\dots,5 \quad \dots\dots(16)$$

Precession of Suggested Estimators :

-4

: [Kadilar and Cingi;2004]

$$MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(pr)_s}] < MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_s}] \quad , \quad s = 1,2,\dots,5$$

$$\therefore R_{(KC)_s}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \beta_{ols}^{2(b)} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(xy)} - 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} \sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(y)}^2$$

$$< R_{(KC)_s}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\beta_{ols} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \beta_{ols}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(xy)} - 2\beta_{ols} \sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(y)}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + \beta_{ols}^{2(b)} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2\beta_{ols}^{(b)} \sigma_{(xy)} -$$

$$2\beta_{ols} R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - \beta_{ols}^2 \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\beta_{ols} \sigma_{(xy)} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols}) - 2\sigma_{(xy)} (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols}) + \sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{2(b)} - \beta_{ols}^2) < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols}) [2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2\sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols})] < 0$$

...

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \bullet \beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} > 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta_{ols}^{(b)} > \beta_{ols} \\
 & \bullet 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2\sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols}) < 0 \quad \dots\dots\dots(17)
 \end{aligned}$$

:

(17)

$$\sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols}) < -2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\sigma_{(xy)}$$

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols} < -2R_{(KC)_s} + 2 \frac{\sigma_{(xy)}}{\sigma_{(x)}^2}$$

$$\beta_{ols} = \frac{\sigma_{(xy)}}{\sigma_{(x)}^2} :$$

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols} < -2R_{(KC)_s} + 2\beta_{ols}$$

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < -2R_{(KC)_s}$$

:

$$\Rightarrow 0 < \beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < -2R_{(KC)_s}$$

:

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta_{ols}^{(b)} < \beta_{ols}$$

$$\bullet 2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 - 2\sigma_{(xy)} + \sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols}) > 0 \quad \dots\dots\dots(18)$$

:

(18)

$$\sigma_{(x)}^2 (\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols}) > -2R_{(KC)_s} \sigma_{(x)}^2 + 2\sigma_{(xy)}$$

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} + \beta_{ols} > -2R_{(KC)_s} + 2\beta_{ols}$$

$$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} > -2R_{(KC)_s}$$

$$\Rightarrow -2R_{(KC)_s} < \beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < 0$$

$$0 < \beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < -2R_{(KC)_s} \quad , \dots\dots(19)$$

$$-2R_{(KC)_s} < \beta_{ols}^{(b)} - \beta_{ols} < 0 \quad , \dots\dots(20)$$

(20) (19) ()

[Kadilar and Cingi;2004]

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(12) (3)

(X) (Y)

/ 2002-1991

[2009] .

Relative Efficiency

$$RE(\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_s}) = \frac{MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_s}]}{MSE[\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_s}]} \quad \dots\dots(21)$$

(3) (2) (1)

(1)

N = 12	$\bar{Y} = 69763.33$	$R_{(KC)1} = 0.173704$
n = 3	$\bar{X} = 27421.70$	$R_{(KC)2} = 0.173704$
$\rho = 0.96$	$\sigma_{(y)} = 109727.2$	$R_{(KC)3} = 0.173704$
$C_x = 1.025$	$\sigma_{(x)} = 411816.3$	$R_{(KC)4} = 0.176349$
$\beta_{ols} = 0.256$	$\sigma_{(xy)} = 4.338E+10$	$R_{(KC)5} = 0.169404$
$\beta_{ols}^{(b)} = 0.194$	$\beta_2(x) = 0.985$	$n^n = r = 27$

(2)

المقدّرات	MSE		نتائج الشرط
	المقدّرات الاعتيادية	المقدّرات المقترحة	$-2R_{(KC)_s} < \beta_{ols}^b - \beta_{ols} < 0$
1	1.518E+09	767021259	-0.3474 < -0.062 < 0
2	1.518E+09	767017050	-0.3474 < -0.062 < 0
3	1.518E+09	767017216	-0.3474 < -0.062 < 0
4	1.558E+09	792416786	-0.3527 < -0.062 < 0
5	1.456E+09	726993426	-0.3388 < -0.062 < 0

(2)

.(14-10)

(3)

$RE(\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_s})$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)1}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)2}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)3}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)4}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)5}$
$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)1}$	0.505	0.505	0.505	0.492	0.527
$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)2}$	0.505	0.505	0.505	0.492	0.527
$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)3}$	0.505	0.505	0.505	0.492	0.527
$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)4}$	0.522	0.522	0.522	0.509	0.544
$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)5}$	0.479	0.479	0.479	0.467	0.499

(3)

: -6

Normal)

(X) (1000) , (Distribution

: (Y)

$$Y_i = 15 + 2.5X_i + \varepsilon_i \quad \dots\dots\dots (21)$$

:

$$X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2) \quad , \quad \varepsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

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(75) (50) (20)

:

(150) (100)

(4)

حجم العينة	MSE			نتائج الشرط
	المقدّرات	المقدّرات الإعتيادية	المقدّرات المقترحة	$-2R(KC)_s < \beta_{ols}^b - \beta_{ols} < 0$
n = 20	1	678.71874	146.91044	-5.719 < -2.2 < 0
	2	516.08502	120.21697	-4.821 < -2.2 < 0
	3	669.5598	144.8345	-5.672 < -2.2 < 0
	4	6231.0486	3710.2094	-18.858 < -2.2 < 0
	5	196.91541	204.1946	-2.158 < -2.2 < 0
n = 50	1	263.17665	50.761275	-5.719 < -2.411 < 0
	2	200.1146	45.466259	-4.821 < -2.411 < 0
	3	259.62523	50.219728	-5.672 < -2.411 < 0
	4	2416.1209	1358.4781	-18.858 < -2.411 < 0
	5	76.354956	93.021755	-2.158 < -2.411 < 0
n = 75	1	170.83397	39.794963	-5.719 < -2.086 < 0
	2	129.89895	31.303174	-4.821 < -2.086 < 0
	3	168.52866	39.180065	-5.672 < -2.086 < 0
	4	1568.3592	962.62202	-18.858 < -2.086 < 0
	5	49.563743	47.182285	-2.158 < -2.086 < 0
n = 100	1	124.66263	25.174217	-5.719 < -2.32 < 0
	2	94.791126	21.633259	-4.821 < -2.32 < 0
	3	122.98037	24.863882	-5.672 < -2.32 < 0
	4	1144.4783	659.73049	-18.858 < -2.32 < 0
	5	36.168137	41.096674	-2.158 < -2.32 < 0
n = 150	1	78.491283	15.893324	-5.719 < -2.315 < 0
	2	59.683302	13.628103	-4.821 < -2.315 < 0
	3	77.432086	15.696067	-5.672 < -2.315 < 0
	4	720.59746	415.95154	-18.858 < -2.315 < 0
	5	22.772531	25.776886	-2.158 < -2.315 < 0

(4-1)

(4)

(5)

حجم العينة	$RE(\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_s})$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_1}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_2}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_3}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_4}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_5}$
n = 20	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_1}$	0.217	0.285	0.219	0.024	0.746
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_2}$	0.177	0.233	0.180	0.019	0.611
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_3}$	0.213	0.281	0.216	0.023	0.736
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_4}$	5.467	7.189	5.541	0.595	18.842
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_5}$	0.301	0.396	0.305	0.033	1.037
n = 50	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_1}$	0.193	0.254	0.196	0.021	0.665
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_2}$	0.173	0.227	0.175	0.019	0.596
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_3}$	0.191	0.251	0.193	0.021	0.658
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_4}$	5.162	6.789	5.233	0.562	17.792
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_5}$	0.354	0.465	0.358	0.039	1.218
n = 75	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_1}$	0.233	0.306	0.236	0.025	0.803
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_2}$	0.183	0.241	0.186	0.020	0.632
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_3}$	0.229	0.302	0.233	0.025	0.791
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_4}$	5.635	7.411	5.712	0.614	19.422
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_5}$	0.276	0.363	0.280	0.030	0.952
n = 100	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_1}$	0.202	0.266	0.205	0.022	0.696
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_2}$	0.174	0.228	0.176	0.019	0.598
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_3}$	0.200	0.262	0.202	0.022	0.688
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_4}$	5.292	6.960	5.365	0.577	18.241
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_5}$	0.330	0.434	0.334	0.036	1.136

حجم العينة	$RE(\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_s})$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_1}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_2}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_3}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_4}$	$\hat{Y}_{R(KC)_5}$
n = 150	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_1}$	0.203	0.266	0.205	0.022	0.698
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_2}$	0.174	0.228	0.176	0.019	0.599
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_3}$	0.200	0.263	0.203	0.022	0.689
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_4}$	5.299	6.969	5.372	0.577	18.266
	$\hat{Y}_{R(Pr)_5}$	0.328	0.432	0.333	0.036	1.132

(3-1)

(5)

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-1

(4-1)

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