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(ERB) Eriochrome Red B -

Graphite

(SWV)

-

GE - ERB (GE) Electrode

(2mm Pt- wire)

(Ag/AgCl , sat. KCl)

GE V (0.068) V(- 0.194)

ERB .

(ERB) -

GE - ERB

.V(0.203)

V(-0.561)

-

-

Ip₂ , Ip₁

.(GE)

R₂= 0.9904 , R₁=0.9787

-

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Electrochemical Behavior of Eriochrome Red B Using Graphite and Modified Graphite Electrodes

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ABSTRACT

The electrochemical behavior of Eriochrome Red B (ERB) using square wave voltammetry (SWV) with three electrodes cell was studied. The cell consists of working electrodes, either graphite electrode (GE) or Poly ERB-graphite electrode (poly ERB – GE), auxiliary electrode (2mm pt wire) and reference electrode (Ag/AgCl . sat.KCl).

The ERB gives two reduction peaks at GE and Poly ERB- GE, one at -0.194 V, second at 0.068 V for GE and at -0.561V, 0.203 V for Poly ERB-GE.

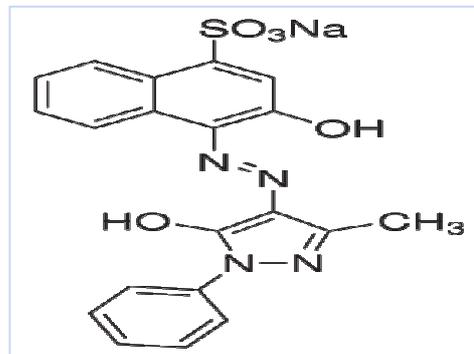
The effect of pH on the reduction peaks of ERB at the two electrodes (GE and poly ERB-GE) was studied.

Keywords: Eriochrome Red B, Graphite Electrode(GE), Poly ERB-GE, Square wave voltammetry (SWV), Azo dye.

(/ 446.42)

: (C₂₀H₁₅N₄NaO₅S)

Sodium 4-[(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)azo]-3-hydroxynaphthalene-1- sulphonate



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(ERB) -

(Pysarevska *et al.*, 2008)

tropeolin 0, tropeolin 00, tropeolin 000, magnezon, : (azodyes)

(DME)

eriochrome black T, arsenazo

rare – earth elements (REE)

$$C_{REE} = 10^{-6} \times 8.0 \quad C_{dye} = (10^{-5} \times 4)$$

$$(10^{-6} \times 1.11) \quad (10^{-6} \times 1.74) \quad (10^{-6} \times 1.72)$$

.(Dubenska *et al.*, 2001)

arsenazo I:Nd

magnezon:Tm

EBT:Eu

ERB

ERB

REE

4.5

ERB

12 – 0.5

4.5

:

($10^{-7} \times 6$)

REE

In , Ga , Al , Cu, Ni , Pb, Zn , Mn , Zr , Hf

(Levitskaya *et al.*, 2001)

(DME)

ERB -In(III)

pH=8.0 -12.0

Fe (III) Cd(II) In(III)

($10^{-5} \times 1$) - ($10^{-5} \times 15.0$)

ERB

DME

ERB

Zr (IV)

(Levitskaya *et al.*, 2005) pH=4.5

Zr

ERB

Hf (IV)

pH =5.5

DME

pH

DME

ERB

$10^{-7} \times 4.9$ Hf (IV)

Hf (IV)

ERB

ERB

ERB

.(Levytska and Orshulyak, 2010)

Eriochrome black
 0.1 2:1 1:1 EBT -Ni(II) Cakir Ni(II)
 (DME) pH= 6.0

AgCl sat. KCl / Ag

SWV

EBT .SWV

.(Cakir *et al.*, 2001)

AR₁

Acid red ₁

pH= 9.2

HMDE

CV SWV

Ni(II) , Zn(II)

.(Bicer and Arat, 2008) (:) 1:2

V (-0.768)

Polarographic

Ω Metrohm

.1

:

Analyzer Model 797 VA Computrace

(Ag/AgCl, sat. KCl)

(2mm)

.(2 mm)

Hanna instrument

pH meter

. 2

Eriochrome Red B (ERB) solution

-

0.0044

10^{-3} x 1

ERB

. 10

(% 40)

10 (Fluka)

Sodium acetate solution

- 1

1.6396

0.2

. 100

100

.....

Acetic acid **-2**

% 99.5 1.15 0.2
100

Acetate buffer solution **-3**

9 0.2 41 4.0
100 100 0.2

Ammonia solution **-4**

13.358 14.972 2
100 100

Ammonium chloride solution **-5**

10.690 NH₄Cl 2
100 100

Ammonia buffer solution **-6**

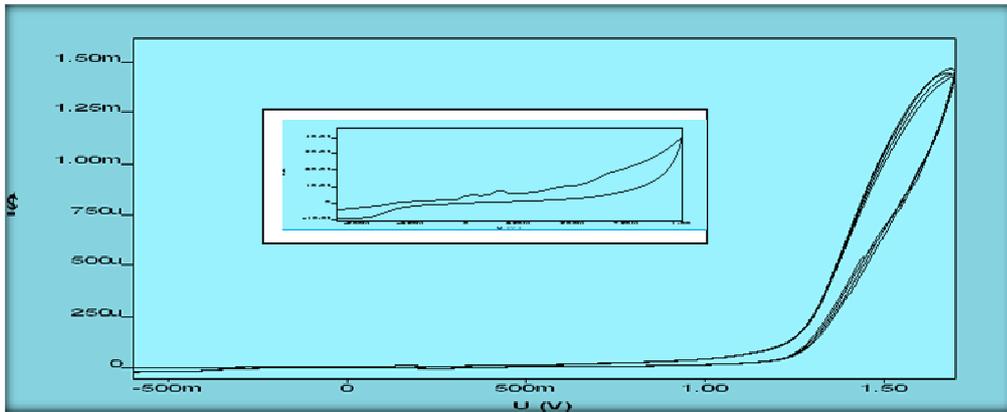
9.5 (2) 0.5 8.25
100 100 (2)

Electropolymerization of ERB **-**

V (-0.6 to 1.7)

ERB mM 0.5 (6 -5) sec.\ mV 100
ERB (0.1)

.(Yao *et al.*, 2007)



ERB

(GE)

:1

(GE)

ERB

Optimum conditions

ERB
(- 0.4)

(GE)
8

ERB

$10^{-5} \times 1.9607$
V(0.2) V

V(-0.22)

ERB

ERB
.V(0.072)

SWV
8

(GE)

ERB

(1)
($10^{-5} \times 1.960$) ERB

ERB

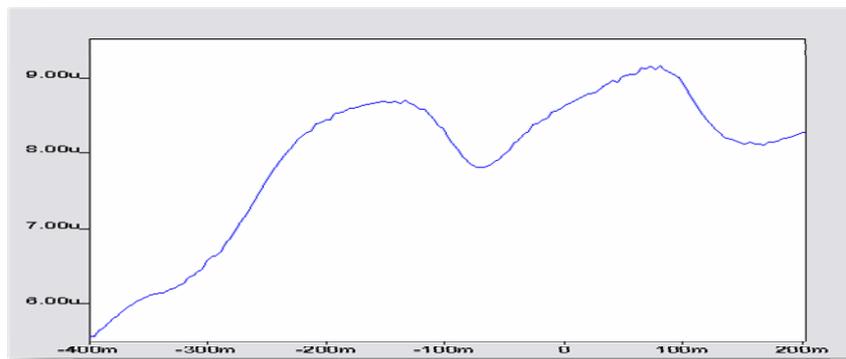
V 0.2 = End potential

V 0.4 - =Start potential

.(2)

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.GE **$10^{-5} \times 1.960$** **ERB** **:1**

Optimum conditions	Values
Voltage step	0.004 V
Pulse Amplitude	0.08 V
Frequency	70 Hz
Deposition potential	-0.9 V
Equilibrium time	3 sec.
Deposition time	50 sec.
scan rate	V/sec.0.277
pH	8



$10^{-5} \times 1.960$ **ERB** **:2**
GE **pH=8**

ERB
 $10^{-3} \times 1$ **ERB**
 $(10^{-6} \times 23.437) - (10^{-6} \times 5.964)$ (% 40)
ERB (1)
 10 $Ep_2 = 0.068$ $Ep_1 = -0.194$
 .(2) pH=8

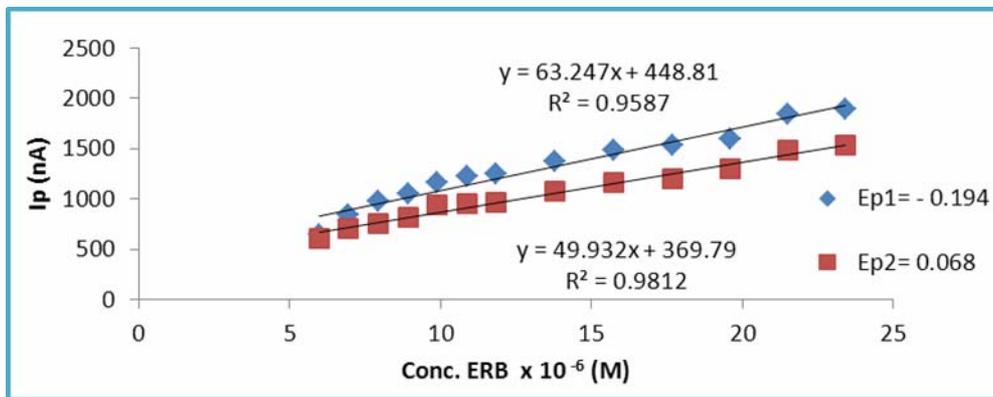
$(10^{-6} \times 23.437) - (10^{-6} \times 5.964)$

: 2

GE pH=8 ERB

Conc. ERB X 10 ⁻⁶ (M)	Ip ₁ (nA)	Ip ₂
5.964	647	603
6.951	840	705
7.936	972	760
8.919	1050	812
9.901	1160	942
10.880	1220	954
11.857	1250	967
13.806	1370	1080
15.748	1480	1160
17.681	1530	1200
19.607	1600	1300
21.526	1840	1480
23.437	1890	1540

(3) Ip₂ , Ip₁
 R₂= 0.9904 R₁= 0.9787



$(10^{-6} \times 23.437) - (10^{-6} \times 5.964)$

:3

. GE pH=8 ERB

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Effect of time (stability)

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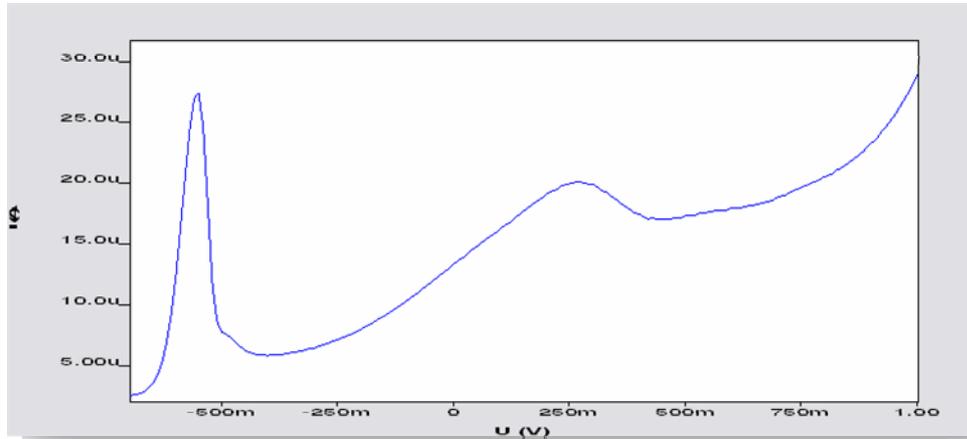
(1) 45 (3) pH=8
 ERB
 ERB $10^{-5} \times 1.9607$

GE ERB : 3

pH	Ep ₁ (V)	Ip ₁ (nA)	Ep ₂ (V)	Ip ₂ (nA)
4	-0.019	1920	0.088	604
5	-0.058	1350	0.036	645
6	-0.139	1400	0.012	663
7	-0.201	1500	0.029	785
8	-0.219	1380	-0.001	1160
9	-0.253	900	-0.041	793
10	-0.309	1390	-0.064	760
R ₁ =0.9864			R ₂ = 0.9513	

Effect of pH

Ip₂ , Ip₁ Ep₂ , Ep₁ ERB
 (10 - 8) (7- 4) (GE)
 .(4)



. pH=4.5

ERB

:5

(I_{p1}, I_{p2})

(E_{p2}, E_{p1})

GE - ERB

ERB

(7- 4)

.(6)

GE - ERB

(10 - 8)

GE ERB

:6

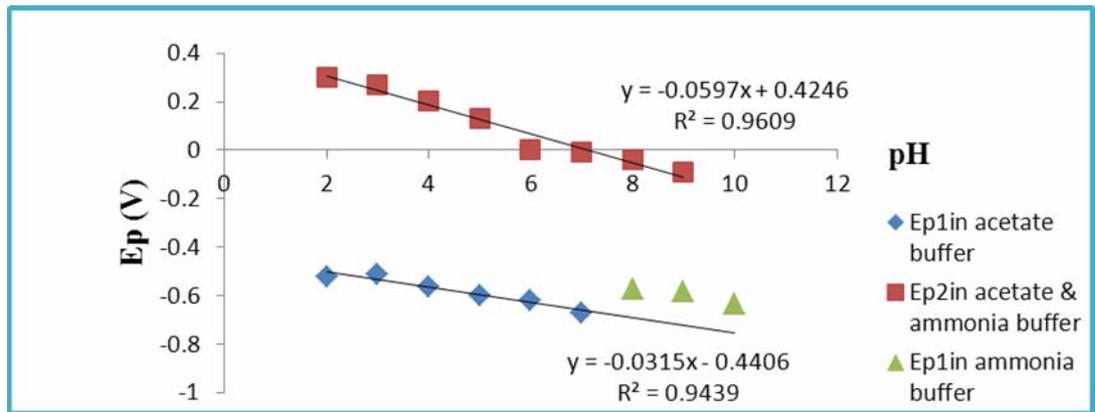
pH	E_{p1}	$I_{p1}(nA)$	E_{p2}	$I_{p2}(nA)$
2	-0.523	2930	-	-
3	-0.513	3570	0.300	4610
4	-0.563	12900	0.270	11100
5	-0.602	8740	0.201	10100
6	-0.622	1910	0.132	7970
7	-0.672	1970	0.002	5360
8	-0.574	6720	-0.008	5680
9	-0.584	6830	-0.038	5440
10	-0.634	6260	-0.088	4610

(6) (E_{p2} , E_{p1})

(R) (- 0.059) (- 0.031)

E_{p2} 0.9797 0.9710

. (Hillson and Brinbaum, 1958) Hillson and Brinbaum



.GE - ERB **E_{p2} , E_{p1}** **pH** **:6**

()

ERB

pH=4 (1)

(6-5) ERB

- 30 ERB

(7)

$E_{p2}=0.203$ $E_{p1}=0.561$

.GE - ERB **ERB** **:7**

Time (min.)	I_{p1} (nA)	I_{p2} (nA)
5	12800	11120
10	12800	11100
15	12750	11120
20	12800	1100
25	12780	11130
30	12810	11100

ERB (Chemically Modified Electrode) .1

.2

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